

International Conference on Medical Ethics & Legal Medicine

June 09-10, 2016 at London, UK

Summary of Medical Ethics Conference (Overall market of Medical Ethics with statistics) :

Medical Ethics 2016 welcomes attendees, presenters, and exhibitors from all over the world to London, UK. We are delighted to invite you all to attend and register for the “Global Experts Meeting on Medical Ethics and Legal Medicine (Medical Ethics 2016)” which is going to be held during June 09-11, 2016 at London, UK. The organizing committee is gearing up for an exciting and informative conference program including plenary lectures, symposia, workshops on a variety of topics, poster presentations and various programs for participants from all over the world. We invite you to join us at the Medical Ethics -2016, where you will be sure to have a meaningful experience with scholars from around the world. All the members of Medical Ethics 2016 organizing committee look forward to meet you at London, Uk.

Scope and Importance:

Following good ethics is important in healthcare organizations for better treatment of patients. Medical ethics is responsible for maintaining these standards. These standards promote primary concern of the patient care. Ethics in the medical field enrich the clinical practice. Medical ethics in turn develops the doctor-patient relationship and thus decreases the healthcare conflicts. Treating the patient as an individual is an important part of medical ethics that must be followed by every physician. Maintaining the confidentiality if patients history is the key part of medical ethics. Ethics to be followed by every physician and healthcare professional so as to avoid ethical and legal issues.

Conference Highlights:

- Medical Ethics
- Medical Ethics Euthanasia
- Ethical Issues
- Medical Ethics Genetic Engineering
- Medical Ethics and Stem cell Research
- Medical Ethics Organizations
- Medical Ethics Organ Transplantation
- Medical Ethics Organ Donation
- Medical Ethics and Healthcare Economics
- Surrogacy Ethical Issues
- Medical Ethics and Law

- Medical Ethics Violations
- Forensic Medicine Ethics
- Medical Ethics Nursing
- Medical Ethics Surgery
- Medical Ethics Psychiatry
- Medical Ethics Principles
- Medical Ethics and Abortion
- Medical Ethics and Bioethics
- Medical Ethics and Legal Medicine

Members associated with Medical Ethics:

- Advocacy groups, Bioethicists, Philosophers
- Researchers, Writers, Ethics Committee Members
- Ethics Review Boards, Institutional Board Members
- Physicians, Nurses, Social workers
- Psychologists, Psychiatrists
- Doctors involved in legal medicine
- Regulatory Agencies, Regulators, Lawyers, Judges
- Teachers, Educators, Rectors
- Deans and Administrators of Academic Institutes
- Hospital Managers, Governmental and Public bodies
- Teachers and Students of Medical, Nursing, Ethics, Psychology, Philosophy and Law schools
- Professional, Cultural and Volunteer Organizations and Associations

Top Universities in the world:

- Imperial College London
- The University of Edinburgh
- Brown University in Providence
- Case Western Reserve University in Cleveland
- New York University
- Northwestern University
- Saint Louis University
- University of Pennsylvania
- Wake Forest University

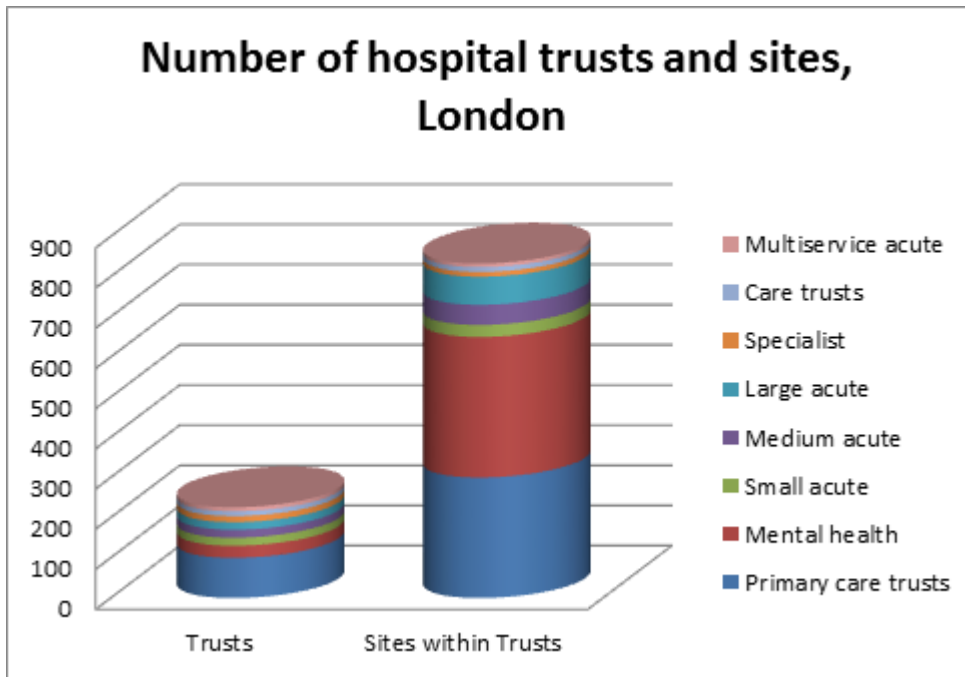
Major Associations around the Globe:

- American Medical Association
- World Medical Association

- Center for Medical Ethics and Professionalism
- British Medical Association
- Canadian Medical Association
- Catholic Medical Association
- European Association of Centers of Medical Ethics
- New Zealand Medical Association
- Texas Medical Association

Hospitals , Trusts and Sites of different categories in London

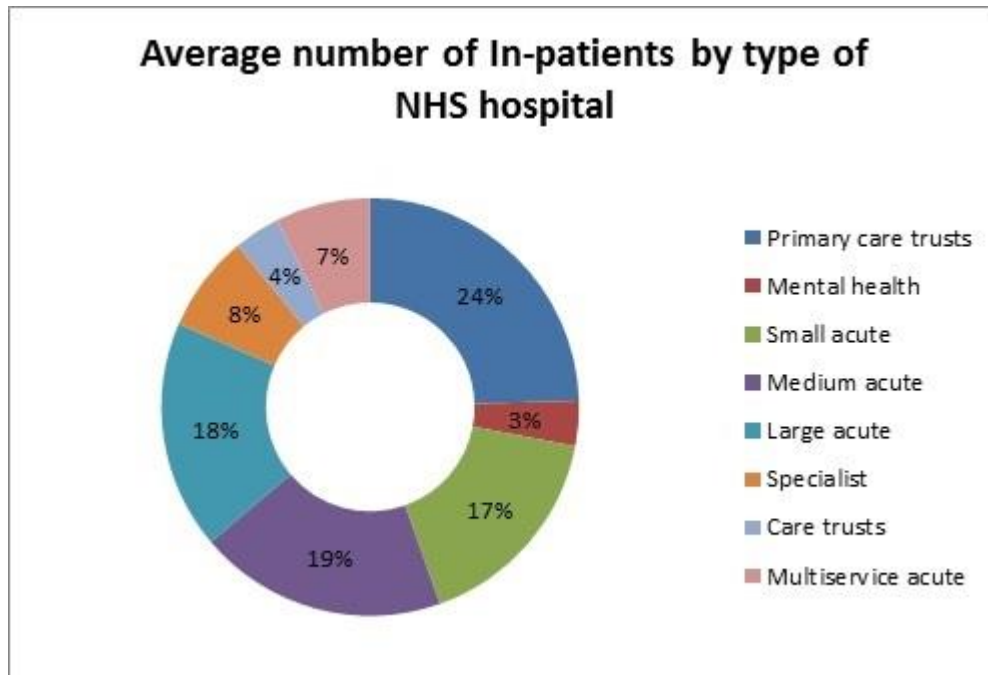
Health Care for London is the most recent review of the capital’s health system, and like its many predecessors recommended fewer hospital beds for in-patients and fewer hospitals through re-organisation of care into polyclinics and people’s own homes, assessments have been made in other conurbations, and the trend seems to be to indicate a move to fewer other hospitals.



Average no. of In-patients in NHS Hospitals

Most trusts consist of several hospital “sites” that over time have become managed as a single business (trust). Across London, there were over 1000 NHS hospital sites with more than one bed which is directly proportional to the no. of in-patients to be accomodated. More than half were small community or mental health facilities with

an average of 35 or 68 beds respectively. Just over seven in 10 hospital sites had fewer than 100 beds. The largest hospitals are those classified as teaching—an average of 478 beds.



Hospitals Per Million Population across the World

Internationally there are large variations in the numbers and sizes of hospitals. Data from the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development shows the number of hospitals per million population range from around the world is different in each country. Similar variations exist for public and non-public hospitals. Even taking a reasonably liberal definition of what counts as a hospital.

Hospitals per Million Population

